

Appropriate Policy Document

	Contents	Page
1.	Introduction	2
	1.1 Special category data	2
	1.2 Criminal offence data	2
2.	Description of the data processed	2
	2.1 Clients/owners	3
	2.2 Prospective team members	3
	2.3 Team members	3
	2.4 Visitors	4
3.	Procedures for ensuring compliance with the principles	4
	3.1 Accountability principle	4
	3.2 Principle (a): lawfulness, fairness and transparency	5
	3.3 Principle (b): purpose limitation	6
	3.4 Principle (c): data minimisation	6
	3.5 Principle (d): accuracy	6
	3.6 Principle (e): storage limitation	7
	3.7 Principle (f): integrity and confidentiality (security)	7
4.	Retention and erasure policies	7
5.	Schedule 1 conditions for processing	8

Version number	2.0
Date of issue	30/03/2022
Date for review	29/03/2023
Author	Head of Compliance & Data Protection Officer
Ratified by	Care Quality, Governance and Compliance Director & Senior Information Risk Owner
<p>If you have any questions or concerns regarding the content of this document, please email Nick Banister-Dudley, Data Protection Officer on dpo@hallmarkcarehomes.co.uk.</p>	

1. Introduction

The Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018) outlines the requirement for an Appropriate Policy Document (APD) to be in place when processing special category and criminal offence data under certain specified conditions.

Almost all of the substantial public interest conditions in Schedule 1, Part 2 of the DPA 2018, plus the condition for processing employment, social security and social protection data, require us to have an APD in place. (in line with Schedule 1 paragraphs 1(1)(b) and 5).

This document demonstrates that the processing of special category and criminal offence data based on these specific Schedule 1 conditions is compliant with the requirements of the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) Article 5 principles. It also outlines our retention policies with respect to this data.

1.1 Special category data

Article 9 of the UK GDPR defines special category data as:

- personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin;
- personal data revealing political opinions;
- personal data revealing religious or philosophical beliefs;
- personal data revealing trade union membership;
- genetic data;
- biometric data (where used for identification purposes);
- data concerning health;
- data concerning a person's sex life; and
- data concerning a person's sexual orientation.

1.2 Criminal offence data

Article 10 of the UK GDPR applies to personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences. To process criminal offence data, organisations must either:

- process the data in an official capacity; or
- meet a specific condition in Schedule 1 of the Data Protection Act 2018 and comply with the additional safeguards set out in that Act.

2. Description of the data processed

Santhem Residences (Shenfield) Limited processes special category data relating to:

- Clients/owners
- Prospective team members
- Team members
- Visitors

We do not process criminal offence data regarding any data subject.

As required by Article 30 of the UK GDPR, Santhem Residences (Shenfield) Limited maintains a record of our processing activities. This is reviewed annually as a minimum, or sooner if we have changed our processing activities.

Data subjects are informed of our processing activities via privacy notices/policies:

- The Privacy Notice for current team members can be accessed via the Hallmark e-learning portal and our website.
- The Privacy Policy for all other data subjects (including prospective team members, residents, relatives, supporters, friends, suppliers, website visitors and enquirers), can be accessed via our website.

2.1 Clients/owners

Santhem Residences (Shenfield) Limited provides assisted living facilities to clients/owners. We process data relating to any accident or incident which takes place on our premises, in line with legal requirements. We share this data with relevant government departments and regulators, as well as insurers and legal professionals.

2.2 Prospective team members

We process the special category data about our prospective team members that is necessary to fulfil our legal and contractual obligations as an employer/business. Each prospective team member completes a medical questionnaire, which helps us assess the support we need to offer in terms of their health or disabilities. Information on race and ethnicity is collected to monitor diversity within the organisation. We also collect data relating to a team member's right to work in the UK, in order to meet the relevant legislation.

2.3 Team members (including internal contractors)

We process the special category data about our team members and internal contractors that is necessary to fulfil our legal and contractual obligations as an employer/business. Each team member completes a medical questionnaire, which helps us assess the support we need to offer in terms of their health or disabilities. Health information is also retained to meet our legal obligations in respect of team member's fitness to return to work after absence due to sickness, as well as entitlement to state benefits. Information on race, ethnicity and sexual orientation is collected to monitor diversity within the organisation. We also collect data relating to a team member's right to work in the UK, in order to meet the relevant legislation. We share this data with relevant government departments and regulators, as well as insurers and legal professionals.

We also process data relating to any accident or incident which takes place on our premises, in line with legal requirements. We share this data with relevant government departments and regulators, as well as insurers and legal professionals.

We also collect details of whether a team member belongs to a trade union. This is only shared with us, by team members, as part of formal human resource processes.

2.4 Visitors

We process data relating to any accident or incident which takes place on our premises, in line with legal requirements. We share this data with relevant government departments and regulators, as well as insurers and legal professionals.

3. Procedures for ensuring compliance with the principles

The points below briefly explain how Santhem Residences (Shenfield) Limited processes special category and criminal offence data in compliance with the principles of the UK GDPR.

3.1 Accountability principle

Santhem Residences (Shenfield) Limited has opted to appoint a Data Protection Officer (DPO), even though this is not required under the legislation. The DPO is registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO).

The DPO highlights any key data protection risks at the quarterly Risk Management Group meeting. The DPO submits a detailed report to this Group, quarterly.

3.1.1 Do we maintain appropriate documentation of our processing activities?

A record of processing is maintained and updated when there are changes to our processing activities. The relevant privacy notices are then changed in light of this. In addition to this, we also maintain a number of data protection logs:

- Legitimate interest assessment log
- A log recording changes to the record of processing
- Record of decisions log
- Data privacy impact assessment log
- Data processing agreement log
- Freedom of Information request log
- Record request log
- Personal data breach log
- Subject access request log

3.1.2 Do we have appropriate data protection policies?

We have a number of data protection policies:

- Bring your own device (BYOD) policy
- CCTV policy
- Consent for inclusion in marketing activities policies (for residents, team members and external stakeholders)
- Data and IT security policy
- Data protection/GDPR policy
- External storage and archiving policy
- Individual rights and data access policy

- Personal data breach policy
- Records management and retention policy

All are reviewed every 3 years, or sooner, if there is a change in legislation or best practice. Policies are developed by the DPO and ratified by the Senior Information Risk Owner. This role is held by the organisation's Care Quality, Governance and Compliance Director.

3.1.3 Do we carry out data protection impact assessments (DPIA) for uses of personal data that are likely to result in high risk to individuals' interests?

Data controllers must conduct DPIAs ahead of high-risk processing. This requirement is detailed in our Data protection/GDPR policy. A DPIA will be conducted when we are implementing major system or business change programs involving the processing of personal data including:

- The use of new technologies (programs, systems or processes), or changing technologies (programs, systems or processes).
- Automated processing including profiling and automatic decision making.
- Large-scale processing of special categories of personal data or criminal convictions data.
- Large-scale, systematic monitoring of a publicly accessible area.

Our DPIAs will include:

- A description of the processing, its purposes and our legitimate interests, if appropriate.
- An assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the processing in relation to its purpose.
- An assessment of the risk to individuals.
- The risk mitigation measures in place and demonstration of compliance.

3.1.4 Technical and organisational measures in place to protect data.

We have a number of technical and organisational measures in place to protect all data, including special category and criminal offence data. These are:

- A suite of data protection policies which detail company expectations on the processing, management and security of personal data. See [section 3.1](#) for more information.
- Physical access security to buildings, rooms and cabinets containing personal data in the form of codes or locks.
- Password requirements for network and systems access.
- Email encryption system to ensure email communications containing personal data are secure.
- Antivirus and malware systems
- Annual GDPR audit to assess adherence to prescribed policies.
- Annual training (either e-learning or face to face) which provides information to team members on how to handle data securely.

3.2 Principle (a): lawfulness, fairness and transparency

We have identified an appropriate lawful basis, and a further Schedule 1 condition, for

processing special category and criminal offence data. These are detailed in [section 5](#) of this document.

We make appropriate privacy information available with respect to the special category and criminal offence data we process:

- Privacy and fair processing notice for current team members is available on the Hallmark e-learning portal and our website.
- The Privacy Policy for all other data subjects (including prospective team members, residents, relatives, supporters, friends, suppliers, website visitors and enquirers), can be accessed via our website.

These notices/policies provide accurate information on when we collect the special category or criminal offence data. They detail why this data is needed and the rights that data subjects have in relation to this.

3.3 Principle (b): purpose limitation

We have clearly identified our purpose(s) for processing special category and criminal offence data. We have included appropriate details of these purposes in our privacy information for data subjects.

If we plan to use personal data for a new purpose (other than a legal obligation or function set out in law), we will check that this is compatible with our original purpose or get specific consent for the new purpose.

3.4 Principle (c): data minimisation

We only collect the special category or criminal offence data we actually need for our specified purposes. We have the sufficient amount of this data to ensure that we can properly fulfil the identified purposes.

3.5 Principle (d): accuracy

Data is reviewed regularly to ensure that it is still accurate, where relevant. The frequency of this review depends on the data being processed. For example, care plan documentation is reviewed monthly and evaluated biannually (in England) or quarterly (in Wales), and criminal record checks are renewed every 3 years. Policies and procedures are in place which state the organisation's expectations with regards to maintaining the accuracy of data.

If data is inaccurate, data subjects can request that this is rectified. How data subjects can invoke their right to rectification is detailed in our Individual Rights and Data Access policy. A copy of which is available on our website. Where data has been rectified, we will keep a record of the mistake and ensure lessons are learnt following this.

3.6 Principle (e): storage limitation

The special category and criminal offence data processed by us, is detailed in our record of processing and in our Records Management and Retention policy. Retention timescales are determined based on our legal obligations, as well as our interests and needs as a business. Where possible, we aim to mirror our retention timescales with those of NHS England.

Our Records Management and Retention policy also details how data should be archived and disposed of, when the retention timescale has passed. Spot checks of these processes are conducted by the DPO as part of their annual GDPR audit.

3.7 Principle (f): integrity and confidentiality (security)

We have appropriate policies, procedures, and technical and organisational measures, to protect electronic and hard copy information. These are reviewed regularly and assessed as part of the annual GDPR audit conducted by the DPO.

A DPIA will be conducted when we are implementing major system or business change programs, involving the processing of personal data. DPIAs include an assessment of the risks to individuals and the risk mitigation measures in place.

4. Retention and erasure policies

Our retention timescales are detail in our retention schedule, which is included in our Records Management and Retention policy and record of processing.

Special category data is retained for:

- Clients/owners: 7 years after death or from moving out of our community. We hold data relating to non-serious accidents for 10 years and 20 years for serious accidents.
- Team members (including contractors): 7 years after our employment contract or contractor agreement has ended. In respect of dermatitis risk assessments or annual skin surveillance, these are retained for 40 years from the date of the screening. We hold data relating to non-serious accidents for 10 years and 20 years for serious accidents.
- Prospective team members: Data will be held for 2 years if a prospective team member is unsuccessful in their application. If an offer of employment is made, this data will be retained for 7 years, as stated above for team members.
- Visitors: We hold data relating to non-serious accidents for 10 years and 20 years for serious accidents.

Hard copy data is either shredded or destroyed. IT equipment, potentially containing special category or criminal offence data, is destroyed securely.

5. Schedule 1 conditions for processing

We can only process special category data if we can meet one of the specific conditions in Article 9 of the UK GDPR. Five of the conditions for processing are provided solely in Article 9 of the UK GDPR. The other five require authorisation or a basis in UK law, which means we need to meet additional conditions set out in the Data Protection Act (DPA) 2018.

Data	Who it relates to	Reason for processing	Lawful basis (Article 6)	Condition for processing (Article 9/Schedule 1)
Health data relating to physical and mental health	Clients	Accident and incident management	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(g) – substantial public interest [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 2, paragraph 6]
Health data relating to physical and mental health	Prospective team members	Recruitment	6(1)(b): steps are required prior to a contract with the data subject	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Racial or ethnic origin	Prospective team members	Recruitment	6(1)(b): steps are required prior to a contract with the data subject	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Health data relating to physical and mental health	Team members	Accident and incident management	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Health data relating to physical and mental health	Team members	Employee performance management	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Trade union membership	Team members	Employee performance management	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Health data relating to physical and mental health	Team members	Employment	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Racial or ethnic origin	Team members	Employment	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]

Data	Who it relates to	Reason for processing	Lawful basis (Article 6)	Condition for processing (Article 9/Schedule 1)
Data regarding sexual orientation	Team members	Employment	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Health data relating to physical and mental health	Team members	Health and safety	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(b) - Employment, social security and social protection [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 1, paragraph 1]
Health data relating to physical and mental health	Visitors	Accident and incident management	6(1)(c): we have to comply with a legal obligation	Article 9(2)(g) – substantial public interest [DPA 2018, Schedule 1, Part 2, paragraph 6]